"Mapping soil variation and geomorphology to improve vineyard design and performance"

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Soils are like people!

Each of us look and act a little differently



We generally understand how an individual will react based on their

mood!



We need to understand how our vines moods will change due to differences in the soil



We often see differences in our soll Foundations vineyards that we can't readily explain

Most of the time these differences can be explained by **what we see under the ground surface or on the ground surface itself**

Today we will discuss

- A few Soil Characteristics considered in detailed soil mapping
- Major Landforms
- Micro-relief (minor landforms)
 - Other influencing features
- Tools available to help understand your soils



Soil characteristics can and do affect variability in growth and quality of any crop

Soil depth



Variability in Soil Depth – Impacts: Rooting depths, Plant Available Water (PAW), sometimes soil chemistry (acid vs basic rocks)

What dictates soil depth? Bedrock, Fragipans or Discontinuities (different periods layers of deposition)

 In addition each of these can hold up/perch water further restricting root growth and depth

Soil Texture

Percent of Sand, Silt, Clay and Rock fragments

Impacts

- Plant available water (PAW)
- Stoney 50% rock means 50% less PAW
 Runoff Clay vs Sandy



Soil Structure

Very important for internal soil drainage and root development

What is soil structure?

 Soil structure can be impacted any time we work the soil while it is at field capacity or wetter.

 Clearing a wooded site, ripping or tilling the soil while it is wet and sometimes even driving over wet soil with equipment can damage soil structure and internal drainage

Topsoil depth

Highest concentrations of nutrients
 Where the majority of the roots are

it it

Activities that can impact to poly the determinant of the previous Cropping/eroston
 Clearing for vineyard land
 Smoothing out some of the bumps or dips (micro-relief) before planting

Impacting topsoil = Vigor impacts

Soil Chemistry



Before planting:

 Sample blocks (topsoil & upper 24") easiest time to get the nutrients applied

After planting

- Nutrient toxicity and deficiencies in soils are usually apparent in the vegetation.
- Talk to your Extension specialist or Vineyard consultant

Soils and soil characteristics are not one dimensional!



Careful <u>evaluation of landforms in</u> <u>combination with the soil characteristics</u> is required to understand how vines will grow and what quality of fruit to expect.



Aspect (North vs South)

 North Slope is colder with younger/shallower soils
 South Slope is warmer, droughty, older/deeper soils

•Farmers are good soil scientist! Pay attention!

Most everyone understands MAJOR LANDFORMS

Ridge top

- Higher elevations
- Considered dryer landforms... but be cautious
- Slope ?

Sideslopes

- Concave vs convex
- How much slope?

Drainageways with running water

- Obvious to most to stay out of these positions (Cold and Wet)
 - But how far?



MICRO RELIEF (Minor Landforms) Very subtle differences/variations in the landform.

Soil

Foundations







Underlying rock

An old tree throw

An old fence line or road (man made)

Remnants of cultivated rows/plow furrows

Upland drainage ways/concave areas

- Very inconspicuous with a potentially large affect
- Concave positions=High vigor
 Higher PAW, thicker topsoil and nutrients
- Slope either increases or decreases the effect of these swales



Texture and Geomorphology



 Sandy textures generally increase infiltration into the soil
 Clayey textures generally reduce infiltration into the soil

 Therefore, depending on the slope of the land you may want to be looking for soil textures that either increase infiltration or increase runoff

Tools for evaluating your soils

 Web Soil Survey is available on the Web (www.websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov)





Great tool to start with

 Can provide information as to the underlying geology or parent material

 Can provide some information on what soil characteristics to expect

Web Soil Survey



Caution

- Not site specific (created for interpretation at the County or Statewide level)
- Not mapped with vineyards in mind
 - (soils that corn, wheat and soybeans grow well in seldom produce high quality wine grapes)
 - Web SS mapped at a scale of 1"=24000" where drainageway soils are not even shown!
 - Micro relief which can be very important in understanding variability in the vineyard is not considered when mapping for NRCS National Soil Survey

Use a Licensed Professional Soil Scientist

- Make sure they have :
 - experience mapping soils
 - an understanding of vineyard needs

Example of Web Soil Survey vs. Site specific Soil Survey

- Virginia Techs Research Station in Winchester,
 Virginia
- Seven Willows Farm in Big Cove Tannery, PA
- Linden Vineyards in Fauquier County





Soil Foundations Blackburn Consulting Services, LLC Visit us online at: http://www.soilfoundations.com/

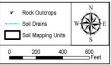
Frederick-Poplimento-Rock Outcrop Complex 15 - 45 % slopes 17E 2 - 15 % slopes Frederick-Poplimento-Rock Outcrop Complex 14D 15 - 25 % slopes Frederick-Poplimento Loams 14B Frederick-Poplimento Loams 2 - 7 % slopes 14C 7 - 15 % slopes Frederick-Poplimento Loams 16D 15 - 25 % slopes Frederick-Poplimento Loams, Very Rocky 16B 2 - 7 % slopes Frederick-Poplimento Loams, Very Rocky 16C Frederick-Poplimento Loams, Very Rocky 7 - 15 % slopes 2 - 7 % slopes 40B Timberville Silt Loam

Web Soil Survey on the LEFT

Site Specific Soil Survey prepared by Blackburn Consulting Services, LLC / Soil Foundations on the RIGHT

** Note not only the differences in the maps but also the mapping legends for each

	in the second	
6	Opequon - Rock Outcrop	> 25 % slopes
	Hagerstown - Rock Outcrop	7 - 15 % slopes
	Hagerstown - Rock Outcrop	> 25 % slopes
1	Hagerstown silty clay loam	7 - 15 % slopes
	Lodi - Poplimento complex	2 - 7 % slopes
	Lodi - Poplimento complex	7 - 15 % slopes
6	Lodi - Poplimento complex	15 - 25 % slopes
ł.	Poplimento Silt Loam	2 - 7 % slopes
	Poplimento Silt Loam	7 - 15 % slopes
i.	Poplimento Silt Loam	15 - 25 % slopes
i.	Marbie - Wyrick complex, gravelly	2 - 7 % slopes
	Marbie - Wyrick complex, gravelly	7 - 15 % slopes
6	Timberville silt loam	2 - 7 % slopes
	Poplimento - Hagerstown Complex	2 - 7 % slopes
6	Poplimento - Hagerstown Complex	7 - 15 % slopes
	Poplimento - Hagerstown Complex	15 - 25 % slopes
	Braddock Cobbly loam	7 - 15 % slopes
Λ	Man made (disturbed land)	



Web Soil Survey

USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) Web Soil Survey

Soils Map Comparison of Seven Willows Farm









As - Atkins silt loam Bf - Basher fine sandy loam Bk0 - Berks channery silt loam, 15 to 25 percent slopes NoB - Monongahela silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes W - Water WeC - Weikert channery silt loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes

Narrative:

Web Soil Survey on the LEFT

Site Specific Soil Survey prepared by Blackburn Consulting Services, LLC / Soil Foundations on the RIGHT

** Note not only the differences in the maps but also the mapping legends for each

 KwE - Klinesville-Weikert Complex (25-60% slope)

 Bk-WaC - Berks-Weikert Complex (7-15% slope)

 EgC - Elliber Vey Channery Slit Loam (7-15% slope)

 MoB - Monogahela Cobbly Silt Loam (2-7% slope)

 CsB - Clarkesburg (2-7% slope)

 CsB - Clarkesburg (2-7% slope)

 CsC - Clarkesburg (2-7% slope)

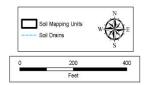
 CsC - Clarkesburg (2-7% slope)

 Bb - Basher Silt Loam (2-7% slope)

 CgC - Guernesy Silt Loam (7-15% slope)

 CgC - Guernesy Silt Loam (7-15% slope)

 CgM - Cemetery



Web Soil Survey

USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) Web Soil Survey

Soils Map Comparison of Linden Vineyard









9A Mongle silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, very story, frequently flooded 17B Middleburg loam, 2 to 7 percent slopes, frequently flooded 32C Myersville and Montalto solis, 7 to 15 percent slopes, very story 87C Tatle loam, 7 to 15 percent slopes 121D Pigeonroost-Edneytown complex, 15 to 25 percent slopes, very stony 121E Pigeonroost loam, 25 to 45 percent slopes, very stony

Narrative:

Web Soil Survey on the LEFT

Site Specific Soil Survey prepared by Blackburn Consulting Services, LLC / Soil Foundations on the RIGHT

** Note not only the differences in the maps but also the mapping legends for each

- 10B Mongle-Seneca Complex, 2-7% slope 15B Seneca Ioam, 2-7% slope

- Serieca idam, 2-7% slope
 Middleburg silt loam, 2-7% slope
 Middleburg silt loam, 7-15% slope
 Tankerville loam, Very rocky, 15-25% slope
 Tankerville-Rock Outcrop Complex, 2-7% slope
- 20D Tankerville-Purcellville Complex, 15-25% slope
- 20D Tankeville loan, Rocky, 25-45% slope 20E Tankeville loan, Rocky, 25-45% slope 23C Swampoodle-Purcellville Complex, 7-15% slope 23B Purcellville-Tankeville Complex, 2-7% slope 23C Purcellville-Tankeville Complex, 7-15% slope
- 23D Purcellville-Tankerville Complex, 15-25% slope 23DS Purcellville-Tankerville Complex, Very Stony, 15-25% slope
- 40D Pignut silt loam, Stony, 15-25% slope 42D Pignut-Rock Outcrop Complex, 15-25% slope 43C Myersville silt loam, 7-15% slope

- 141C Pignut-Alanthus Complex, Very Stony, 7-15% slope 141D Pignut-Alanthus Complex, Very Stony, 15-25% slope
- ML Made Land/Previously Disturbed/Cut and Fill





What does a detailed soils map get you?

- Understanding your soils and how vines will respond
- Blocks designed to ensure:
 - Uniform management
 - What differences to expect if not laid out based on soils
 - How changing weather will impact fruit quality
- Information to help choose varietals and rootstocks suited to your site
- Success



Geophysical Mapping



- Ground Penetrating Radar (GPR)
- Electromagnetic Conductivity

- Research being conducted and these may prove to be good tools to supplement and further improve physically mapping the soil.
 - They show: Variability in soil depth, contrasting textures, soil moisture and possibly soil chemistry

Thank You! Questions?

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